

I am

An artist.
An avid reader.
A dreamer.

Each child's treatment needs are unique. The neuromodulator therapy you choose for your child should meet those needs.

Let XEOMIN help your child be defined by who they are—not the condition they have.



Not actual patient

XEOMIN[®] is a unique, first-line treatment option that helps your child get back to being more than their upper limb spasticity.

Uses

XEOMIN is a prescription medicine:

- that is injected into glands that make saliva and is used to treat long-lasting (chronic) drooling (sialorrhea) in adults and in children 2 to 17 years of age.
- that is injected into muscles and used to:
 - treat increased muscle stiffness in the arm because of upper limb spasticity in adults.
 - treat increased muscle stiffness in the arm in children 2 to 17 years of age with upper limb spasticity, excluding spasticity caused by cerebral palsy.
 - treat the abnormal head position and neck pain with cervical dystonia (CD) in adults.
 - treat abnormal spasm of the eyelids (blepharospasm) in adults.

It is not known if XEOMIN is safe and effective in children younger than:

- 2 years of age for the treatment of chronic sialorrhea
- 2 years of age for the treatment of upper limb spasticity
- 18 years of age for the treatment of cervical dystonia or blepharospasm

Please see pages 5-6 for Important Consumer Safety Information.

Please see accompanying Full Prescribing Information, including BOXED WARNING.



Not actual patient

12 million people worldwide suffer from spasticity.¹

Living with pediatric upper limb spasticity excluding spasticity caused by cerebral palsy (CP)

When a child that you care for has upper limb spasticity (ULS), they may feel like their arm or hand is not under their control. It's important to know that when it comes to treatment for pediatric upper limb spasticity, you have options. By talking to your child's healthcare provider, together you can decide on the treatment that is right for your child.

What is upper limb spasticity?

Upper Limb:

Affecting the arms, specifically the elbow, forearm, wrist, and hand muscles

Spasticity:

Increase in muscle tension causing tightness, stiffness, or uncontrollable pull of muscles

What symptoms can be experienced by children with ULS?

In children with upper limb spasticity, muscles become overactive and tense, leading to difficulty in movement and limitations in their ability to perform daily activities.²

Children may experience symptoms like¹:

- Muscle stiffness
- Limited range of movement
- Reduced ability to relax muscles
- Muscle spasms
- Changes in limb position
- Pain

Symptoms can vary from patient to patient and can range from mild to severe.¹

SELECT IMPORTANT CONSUMER SAFETY INFORMATION

Warnings

XEOMIN may cause serious side effects that can be life threatening. Get medical help right away if you have any of these problems any time (hours to weeks) after injection of XEOMIN:

- **Problems swallowing, speaking, or breathing** can happen if the muscles that you use to breathe and swallow become weak. Death can happen as a complication if you have severe problems with swallowing or breathing after treatment with XEOMIN.
 - People with certain breathing problems may need to use muscles in their neck to help them breathe and may be at greater risk for serious breathing problems with XEOMIN.

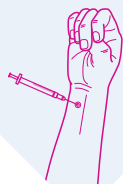
XEOMIN® is approved for various therapies in over 70 countries worldwide and has been used by over 3 million patients.³

How does XEOMIN work?

XEOMIN is approved for the treatment of children (≥ 2 years) with upper limb spasticity excluding spasticity caused by cerebral palsy.⁴ At Merz—the company behind XEOMIN—we understand the struggles and the unique needs of these pediatric patients.



In upper limb spasticity, there is an imbalance of signals from the brain to the muscles, which causes stiffness and spasms. This can lead to abnormal arm or hand positions, uncomfortable movement, and pain.²



XEOMIN is injected into muscles to help interfere with these signals. This helps decrease muscle stiffness and potentially improve the ability to function using the affected muscles.⁴



Some stiffness and spasms may still occur, but less severely.⁴

*Images are for illustration purposes only.
Individual results may vary.*

SELECT IMPORTANT CONSUMER SAFETY INFORMATION

- Swallowing problems may last for several months, and during that time you may need a feeding tube to receive food and water. If swallowing problems are severe, food or liquids may go into your lungs. People who already have swallowing or breathing problems before receiving XEOMIN have the highest risk of getting these problems.

**Please see pages 5-6 for Important Consumer Safety Information.
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Can I get help covering the cost of my child's treatment?

For more information on the XEOMIN Patient Savings Program, visit [MERZCONNECT.com](https://www.merzconnect.com)

For commercially insured patients who are eligible, Merz will reimburse out-of-pocket XEOMIN medication costs and related administration fees **up to \$5,000 every 12 months.***

Get help with out-of-pocket costs associated with XEOMIN treatment, including:

- Deductibles
- Co-pays
- Co-insurance

Learn more at [XEOMIN.com](https://www.xeomin.com) for complete eligibility, terms, and conditions.

- Visit [MERZCONNECT.com](https://www.merzconnect.com)
- Call **1-844-4MYMERZ (1-844-469-6379)**
- Talk to your child's healthcare provider

Save up to
\$5,000
every 12 months*

Sign up
for updates and
learn more at
[XEOMIN.com](https://www.xeomin.com)

Pay as little as
\$0 out of pocket†**



Not actual patient

*Restrictions apply to eligibility. Commercial Insurance required. Reimbursement limited to out-of-pocket XEOMIN medication costs and related administration fees. State limitations may apply. Please see Full Terms and Conditions at [XEOMIN.com](https://www.xeomin.com). Merz reserves the right to change XEOMIN Patient Savings Program Terms and Conditions, including the eligibility requirements, at any time. **This is not health insurance.**

†You may be required to pay upfront for your co-pay/co-insurance, as determined by your insurance coverage/policy and your healthcare provider's co-pay collection practice.

XEOMIN® (incobotulinumtoxinA) IMPORTANT CONSUMER SAFETY INFORMATION

Read the Medication Guide before you start receiving XEOMIN® (Zeo-min) and each time XEOMIN is given to you as there may be new information. The risk information provided here is not comprehensive. To learn more:

- Talk to your health care provider or pharmacist
- Visit www.xeomin.com to obtain the FDA-approved product labeling
- Call 1-844-4MYMERZ (1-844-469-6379)

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Warnings

XEOMIN may cause serious side effects that can be life threatening. Get medical help right away if you have any of these problems any time (hours to weeks) after injection of XEOMIN:

- **Problems swallowing, speaking, or breathing** can happen if the muscles that you use to breathe and swallow become weak. Death can happen as a complication if you have severe problems with swallowing or breathing after treatment with XEOMIN.
 - People with certain breathing problems may need to use muscles in their neck to help them breathe and may be at greater risk for serious breathing problems with XEOMIN.
 - Swallowing problems may last for several months, and during that time you may need a feeding tube to receive food and water. If swallowing problems are severe, food or liquids may go into your lungs. People who already have swallowing or breathing problems before receiving XEOMIN have the highest risk of getting these problems.
- **Spread of toxin effects.** In some cases, the effect of botulinum toxin may affect areas of the body away from the injection site and cause symptoms of a serious condition called botulism. The symptoms of botulism include: loss of strength and muscle weakness all over the body, double vision, blurred vision and drooping eyelids, hoarseness or change or loss of voice, trouble saying words clearly, loss of bladder control, trouble breathing, trouble swallowing.

These symptoms can happen hours to weeks after you receive an injection of XEOMIN. These problems could make it unsafe for you to drive a car or do other dangerous activities.

Do not take XEOMIN if you: are allergic to XEOMIN or any of the ingredients in XEOMIN (see below for a list of ingredients in XEOMIN), had an allergic reaction to any other botulinum toxin product such as rimabotulinumtoxinB (Myobloc®), onabotulinumtoxinA (Botox®, Botox® Cosmetic), or abobotulinumtoxinA (Dysport®) or have a skin infection at the planned injection site.

Before receiving XEOMIN, tell your doctor about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have a disease that affects your muscles and nerves (such as amyotrophic lateral sclerosis [ALS or Lou Gehrig's disease], myasthenia gravis or Lambert-Eaton syndrome)
 - have had any side effect from any other botulinum toxin in the past
 - have a breathing problem, such as asthma or emphysema
 - have a history of swallowing problems or inhaling food or fluid into your lungs (aspiration)
 - have drooping eyelids
 - have had eye surgery
 - have had surgery on your face
 - are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if XEOMIN can harm your unborn baby.
 - are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if XEOMIN passes into breast milk.
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Tell your doctor about all of the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins and herbal supplements. **Talk to your doctor before you take any new medicines after you receive XEOMIN.**

(continued)



XEOMIN® (incobotulinumtoxinA) IMPORTANT CONSUMER SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Using XEOMIN with certain other medicines may cause serious side effects. **Do not start any new medicines until you have told your doctor that you have received XEOMIN in the past.**

Especially tell your doctor if you:

- have received any other botulinum toxin product in the last four months
- have received injections of botulinum toxin such as rimabotulinumtoxinB (MYOBLOC®), onabotulinumtoxinA (BOTOX®, BOTOX® COSMETIC) and abobotulinumtoxinA (DYSPORT®) in the past. Be sure your doctor knows exactly which product you received. The dose of XEOMIN may be different from other botulinum toxin products that you have received.
- have recently received an antibiotic by injection or inhalation
- take muscle relaxants
- take an allergy or cold medicine
- take a sleep medicine

Ask your doctor if you are not sure if your medicine is one that is listed above.

Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of your medicines with you to show your doctor and pharmacist each time you get a new medicine.

Possible Side Effects

XEOMIN can cause serious side effects including:

- **Injury to the cornea (the clear front surface of the eye) in people treated for blepharospasm.** People who receive XEOMIN to treat spasm of the eyelid may have reduced blinking that can cause a sore on their cornea or other problems of the cornea. Call your healthcare provider or get medical care right away if you have eye pain or irritation after treatment with XEOMIN.
- **XEOMIN may cause other serious side effects including allergic reactions.** Symptoms of an allergic reaction to XEOMIN may include: itching, rash, redness, swelling, wheezing, trouble breathing, or dizziness or feeling faint. Tell your doctor or get medical help right away if you get wheezing or trouble breathing, or if you get dizzy or faint.

The most common side effects of XEOMIN in adults with chronic sialorrhea include:

- needing to have a tooth pulled (extracted)
- diarrhea
- dry mouth
- high blood pressure

The most common side effects of XEOMIN in children 2 to 17 years of age with chronic sialorrhea include:

- bronchitis
- headache
- nausea
- vomiting

The most common side effects of XEOMIN in adults with upper limb spasticity include:

- seizure
- dry mouth
- nasal congestion, sore throat and runny nose
- upper respiratory infection

The most common side effects of XEOMIN in children 2 to 17 years of age with upper limb spasticity include:

- nasal congestion, sore throat and runny nose
- bronchitis

The most common side effects of XEOMIN in adults with cervical dystonia include:

- difficulty swallowing
- pain at the injection site
- neck pain
- muscle and bone pain
- muscle weakness

The most common side effects of XEOMIN in adults with blepharospasm include:

- drooping of the eyelid
- vision problems
- dry eye
- dry mouth

These are not all the possible side effects of XEOMIN.

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

General information about the safe and effective use of XEOMIN

Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Medication Guide. You can ask your pharmacist or doctor for information about XEOMIN that is written for health professionals.

Active Ingredient: botulinum toxin type A

Inactive Ingredients: human albumin and sucrose

References: 1. Spasticity. American Association of Neurological Surgeons website. <https://www.aans.org/en/Patients/Neurosurgical-Conditions-and-Treatments/Spasticity>. Accessed December 10, 2020. 2. Differential diagnosis for spasticity. NeuroRehab Resource website. http://www.neurorehabresource.org/Files/NRR_Differential_Diagnosis.pdf. Accessed December 10, 2020. 3. Data on file. Raleigh, NC: Merz North America, Inc; 2021. 4. XEOMIN® [Package insert]. Raleigh, NC: Merz Pharmaceuticals, LLC; 2020.



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